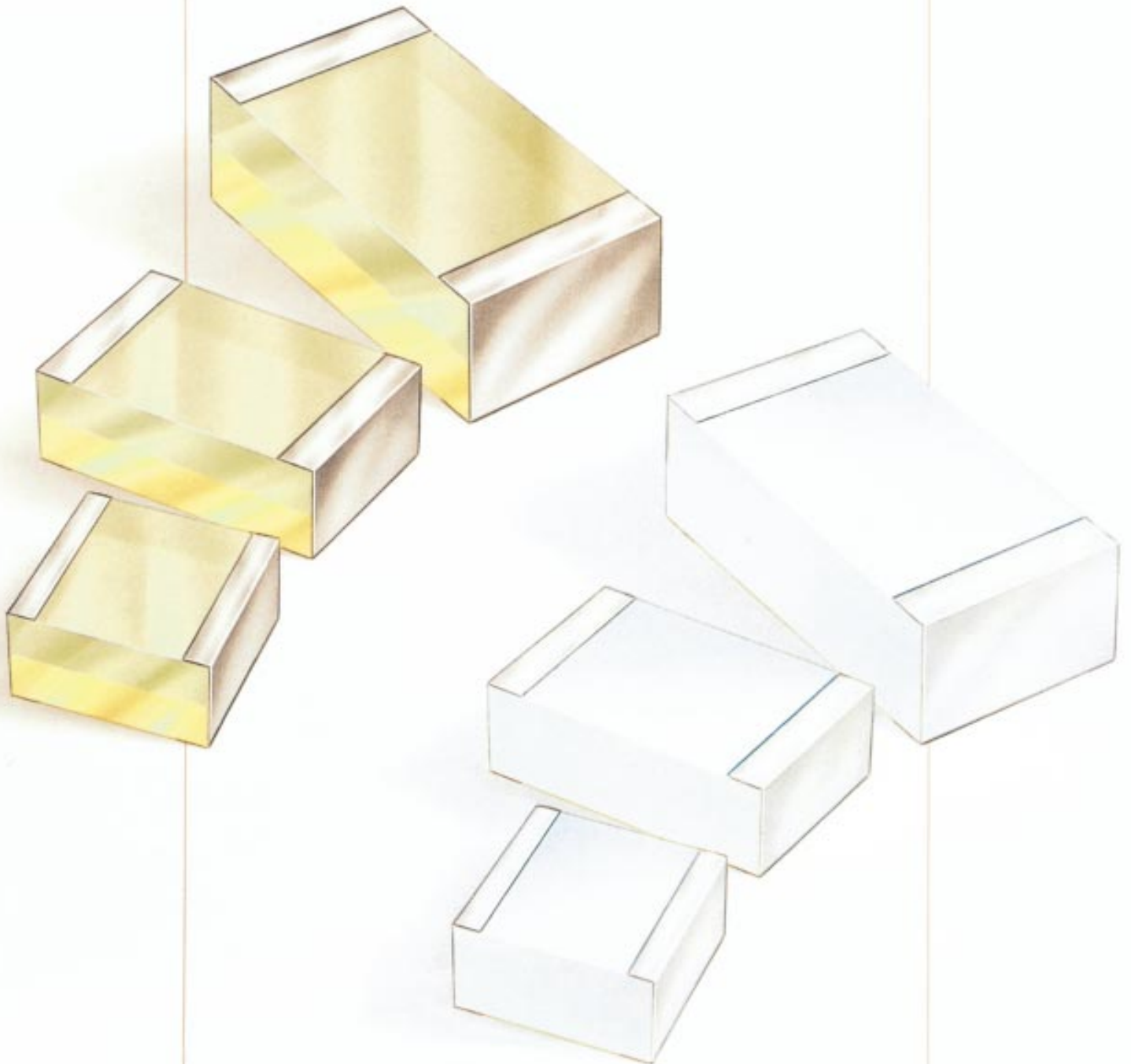




**ACCU-F<sup>®</sup>/ACCU-P<sup>®</sup>**  
**THIN FILM**  
**RF/MICROWAVE**  
**CAPACITORS**



---

Section and Title .....	Page
The Ideal Capacitor .....	3
Thin Film Technology .....	3
 <b>ACCU-F®</b>	
ACCU-F® Technology .....	4
ACCU-F® Features .....	4
Applications .....	4
Approvals .....	4
Ordering Information .....	5
Capacitance Ranges .....	6-7
Dimensions .....	8
Specifications .....	9
Quality and Reliability .....	10
 <b>ACCU-P®</b>	
ACCU-P® Technology .....	11
ACCU-P® Features .....	11
Applications .....	11
Approvals .....	11
Ordering Information .....	12
Capacitance Ranges .....	13-14
Dimensions .....	15
Specifications .....	16
Quality and Reliability .....	17
 <b>RF Power</b>	
RF Power Applications .....	18
Capacitor Heating .....	18
Heat Dissipation .....	18
Power Handling .....	19
Thermal Impedance .....	19
 <b>High Frequency Characteristics</b>	
0603 size .....	20
0805 size .....	20
1210 size .....	21
Insertion Loss Characteristics—Shunt Mode .....	22
 <b>ACCU-F® AND ACCU-P® APPLICATION NOTES .....</b>	 23-26
 <b>ACCU-F®, ACCU-P® DESIGNER AND TUNING KITS .....</b>	 27-28
 <b>AUTOMATIC INSERTION PACKAGING .....</b>	 29

---

## THE IDEAL CAPACITOR

The non-ideal characteristics of a real capacitor can be ignored at low frequencies. Physical size imparts inductance to the capacitor and dielectric and metal electrodes result in resistive losses, but these often are of negligible effect on the circuit. At the very high frequencies of radio communication (>100MHz) and satellite systems (>1GHz), these effects are never negligible. Recognizing that a real capacitor will exhibit inductive and resistive impedances in addition to capacitance, the ideal capacitor for these high frequencies is an ultra low loss component which can be fully characterized in all parameters with total repeatability from unit to unit.

Until recently, most high frequency/microwave capacitors were based on fired-ceramic (porcelain) technology. Layers of ceramic dielectric material and metal alloy electrode paste are interleaved and then sintered in a high temperature oven. This technology exhibits component variability in dielectric quality (losses, dielectric constant and insulation resistance), variability in electrode conductivity and variability in physical size (affecting inductance). An alternate thin film technology has been developed which virtually eliminates these variances. It is this technology which has been fully incorporated into ACCU-F® and ACCU-P® to provide high frequency capacitors exhibiting truly ideal characteristics.

The main features of ACCU-F® and ACCU-P® may be summarized as follows:

- ★ High purity of electrodes for very low and repeatable ESR.
- ★ Highly pure, low-K dielectric for high breakdown field, high insulation resistance and low losses to frequencies above 40GHz.
- ★ Very tight dimensional control for uniform inductance, unit to unit.
- ★ Very tight capacitance tolerances for high frequency signal applications.

This accuracy sets apart these thin film capacitors from ceramic capacitors so that the term ACCU has been employed as the designation for this series of devices, an abbreviation for “accurate.”

## THIN-FILM TECHNOLOGY

Thin-film technology is commonly used in producing semiconductor devices. In the last two decades, this technology has developed tremendously, both in performance and in process control. Today’s techniques enable line definitions of below 1µm, and the controlling of thickness of layers at 100Å (10<sup>-2</sup>µm). Applying this technology to the manufacture of capacitors has enabled the development of components where both electrical and physical properties can be tightly controlled.

The thin-film production facilities at AVX consist of:

- Class 1000 clean rooms, with working areas under laminar-flow hoods of class 100, (below 100 particles per cubic foot larger than 0.5µm).
- High vacuum metal deposition systems for high-purity electrode construction.
- Photolithography equipment for line definition down to 2.5µm accuracy.
- Low pressure CVD and plasma-enhanced CVD for various dielectric depositions (CVD=Chemical Vapor Deposition).
- High accuracy, microprocessor-controlled dicing saws for die separation.
- High speed, high accuracy sorting to ensure strict tolerance adherence.



# ACCU-F<sup>®</sup> Thin-Film Chip Capacitors

---

## ACCU-F<sup>®</sup> TECHNOLOGY

The use of very low-loss dielectric materials, silicon dioxide and silicon oxynitride in conjunction with highly conductive electrode metals results in low ESR and high Q. These high-frequency characteristics change at a slower rate with increasing frequency than for ceramic microwave capacitors.

Because of the thin-film technology, the above-mentioned frequency characteristics are obtained without significant compromise of properties required for surface mounting.

The main **ACCU-F<sup>®</sup>** properties are:

- Internationally agreed sizes and any custom-required sizes (subject to tooling time and charge), all with excellent dimensional control.
- Small size chip capacitors (0603) are available.
- Tight capacitance tolerances.
- Low ESR at VHF, UHF and microwave frequencies.
- High stability with respect to time, temperature, frequency and voltage variation.
- Nickel/solder-coated terminations to provide excellent solderability and leach resistance.

## ACCU-F<sup>®</sup> FEATURES

**ACCU-F<sup>®</sup>** meets the fast-growing demand for low-loss (high-Q) capacitors for use in surface mount technology especially for the mobile communications market, such as cellular radio of 450 and 900 MHz, UHF walkie-talkies, UHF cordless telephones to 2.3 GHz, low noise blocks at 11-12.5 GHz and for other VHF, UHF and microwave applications.

**ACCU-F<sup>®</sup>** is currently unique in its ability to offer very low capacitance values (.1pF) and very tight capacitance tolerances ( $\pm 0.05$ pF). Typically **ACCU-F<sup>®</sup>** will be used in small signal applications in VCO's, matching networks, filters, etc.

Inspection test and quality control procedures in accordance with ISO 9001, CECC, IECQ and USA MIL Standards yield products of the highest quality.

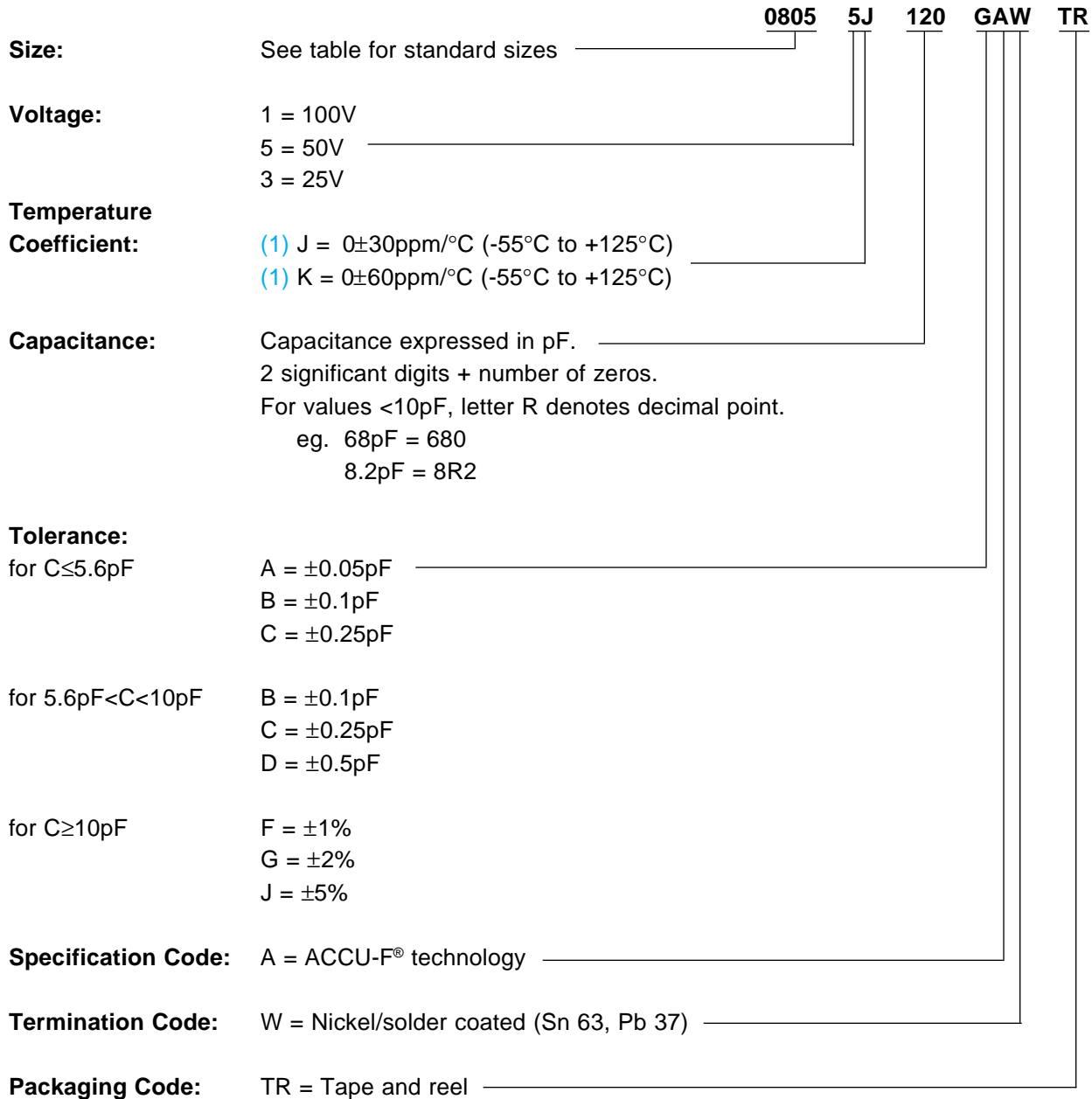
## APPLICATIONS:

CELLULAR COMMUNICATIONS  
CT2/PCN (CORDLESS TELEPHONE/PERSONAL COMM. NETWORKS)  
SATELLITE TV  
CABLE TV  
GPS (GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEMS)  
VEHICLE LOCATION SYSTEMS  
VEHICLE ALARM SYSTEMS  
PAGING  
MILITARY COMMUNICATIONS  
RADAR SYSTEMS  
VIDEO SWITCHING  
TEST & MEASUREMENTS  
FILTERS  
VCO's  
MATCHING NETWORKS

## APPROVALS:

ISO 9001

**PART NUMBER CODES**



(1) TC's shown are per EIA/IEC Specifications.

**TEMP. COEFFICIENT CODE “J”**

**0±30ppm/°C (-55°C to +125°C)<sup>(2)</sup>**

Size		-			■		
Size Code		0603			0805		
Voltage		100	50	25	100	50	25
Cap in pF <sup>(1)</sup>	Cap code						
0.1 — 0R1							
0.2 — 0R2							
0.3 — 0R3							
0.4 — 0R4							
0.5 — 0R5							
0.6 — 0R6							
0.7 — 0R7							
0.8 — 0R8							
0.9 — 0R9							
1.0 — 1R0							
1.2 — 1R2							
1.5 — 1R5							
1.8 — 1R8							
2.2 — 2R2							
2.7 — 2R7							
3.3 — 3R3							
3.9 — 3R9							
4.7 — 4R7							
5.6 — 5R6							
6.8 — 6R8							
8.2 — 8R2							
10 — 100							
12 — 120							
15 — 150							
18 — 180							
22 — 220							
27 — 270							
33 — 330							
39 — 390							
47 — 470							
56 — 560							
68 — 680							
82 — 820							
100 — 101							
120 — 121							
150 — 151							

(1) For capacitance values higher than listed in table, please consult factory.

(2) TC shown is per EIA/IEC Specifications.

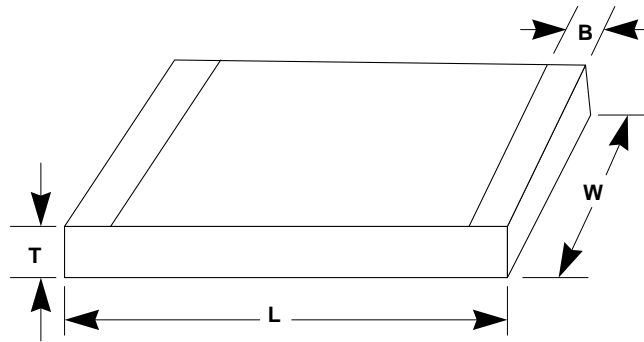
**TEMP. COEFFICIENT CODE “K”**

**0±60ppm/°C (-55°C to +125°C)<sup>(2)</sup>**

Size	-			■		
Size Code	0603			0805		
Voltage	100	50	25	100	50	25
Capin pF(1)	Cap code					
0.1 — 0R1						
0.2 — 0R2						
0.3 — 0R3						
0.4 — 0R4						
0.5 — 0R5						
0.6 — 0R6						
0.7 — 0R7						
0.8 — 0R8						
0.9 — 0R9						
1.0 — 1R0						
1.2 — 1R2						
1.5 — 1R5						
1.8 — 1R8						
2.2 — 2R2						
2.7 — 2R7						
3.3 — 3R3						
3.9 — 3R9						
4.7 — 4R7						
5.6 — 5R6						
6.8 — 6R8						
8.2 — 8R2						
10 — 100						
12 — 120						
15 — 150						
18 — 180						
22 — 220						
27 — 270						
33 — 330						
39 — 390						
47 — 470						
56 — 560						
68 — 680						
82 — 820						
100 — 101						
120 — 121						
150 — 151						

(1) For capacitance values higher than listed in table, please consult factory.

(2) TC shown is per EIA/IEC Specifications.



Standard sizes - mm (inches) \*

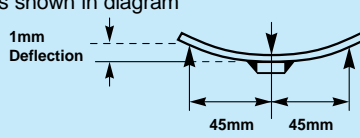
	<b>0603</b>	<b>0805</b>
<b>L</b>	1.6±0.1 (0.063±0.004)	2.01±0.1 (0.079±0.004)
<b>W</b>	0.81±0.1 (0.032±0.004)	1.27±0.1 (0.050±0.004)
<b>T</b>	0.63±0.1 (0.025±0.004)	0.93±0.2 (0.036±0.008)
<b>B</b>	0.30±0.1 (0.012±0.004)	0.30±0.1 (0.012±0.004)

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Temperature Coefficients (1)	0 ± 30ppm/°C dielectric code "J" 0 ± 60ppm/°C dielectric code "K"
Capacitance Measurement	1 MHz, 1 Vrms
Insulation Resistance (IR)	≥10 <sup>11</sup> ohms
Proof Voltage	2.5 U <sub>R</sub> for 5 secs
Aging Characteristic	Zero
Dielectric Absorption	0.01%

(1) TC's shown are per EIA/IEC

**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TEST	CONDITIONS	REQUIREMENT
<b>Solderability</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 208A	Components completely immersed in a solder bath at 235°C for 2 secs.	Terminations to be well tinned, minimum 95% coverage
<b>Leach Resistance</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 210A	Components completely immersed in a solder bath at 260±5°C for 60 secs.	Dissolution of termination faces ≤15% of area Dissolution of termination edges ≤25% of length
<b>Adhesion</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 211A	A force of 5N applied for 10 secs.	No visible damage
<b>Termination Bond Strength</b> IEC-680-2-21 Amend. 2	Tested as shown in diagram 	No visible damage $\Delta C/C \leq 2\%$ for $C \geq 5\text{pF}$ $\Delta C \leq 0.25\text{pF}$ for $C < 5\text{pF}$
<b>Robustness of Termination</b> IEC-680-2-21 Amend. 2	A force of 5N applied for 10 secs.	No visible damage
<b>Storage</b>	12 months minimum with components stored in "as received" packaging.	Good solderability



## **ACCU-P® TECHNOLOGY**

As in the **ACCU-F®** series the use of very low-loss dielectric materials (silicon dioxide and silicon oxynitride) in conjunction with highly conductive electrode metals results in low ESR and high Q. At high frequency these characteristics change at a slower rate with increasing frequency than conventional ceramic microwave capacitors. Using thin-film technology, the above-mentioned frequency characteristics are obtained without significant compromise of properties required for surface mounting. The use of high thermal conductivity materials results in excellent RF power handling capabilities.

The main **ACCU-P®** properties are:

- Enhanced RF power handling capability.
- Improved mechanical characteristics.
- Internationally agreed sizes with excellent dimensional control.
- Small size chip capacitors are available.
- Tight capacitance tolerances.
- Low ESR at UHF, VHF, and Microwave frequencies.
- High-stability with respect to time, temperature, frequency and voltage variation.
- High temperature nickel/solder-coated terminations as standard to provide excellent solderability and leach resistance.

## **ACCU-P® FEATURES**

- ★ The **ACCU-P®** has the same unique features as the **ACCU-F®** capacitor such as low ESR, high Q, availability of very low capacitance values and very tight capacitance tolerances.
- ★ The RF power handling capability of the **ACCU-P®** allows for its usage in both small signal and RF power applications.
- ★ Inspection, test and quality control procedures in accordance with ISO 9001, CECC, IECQ and USA MIL Standards guarantee product of the highest quality.

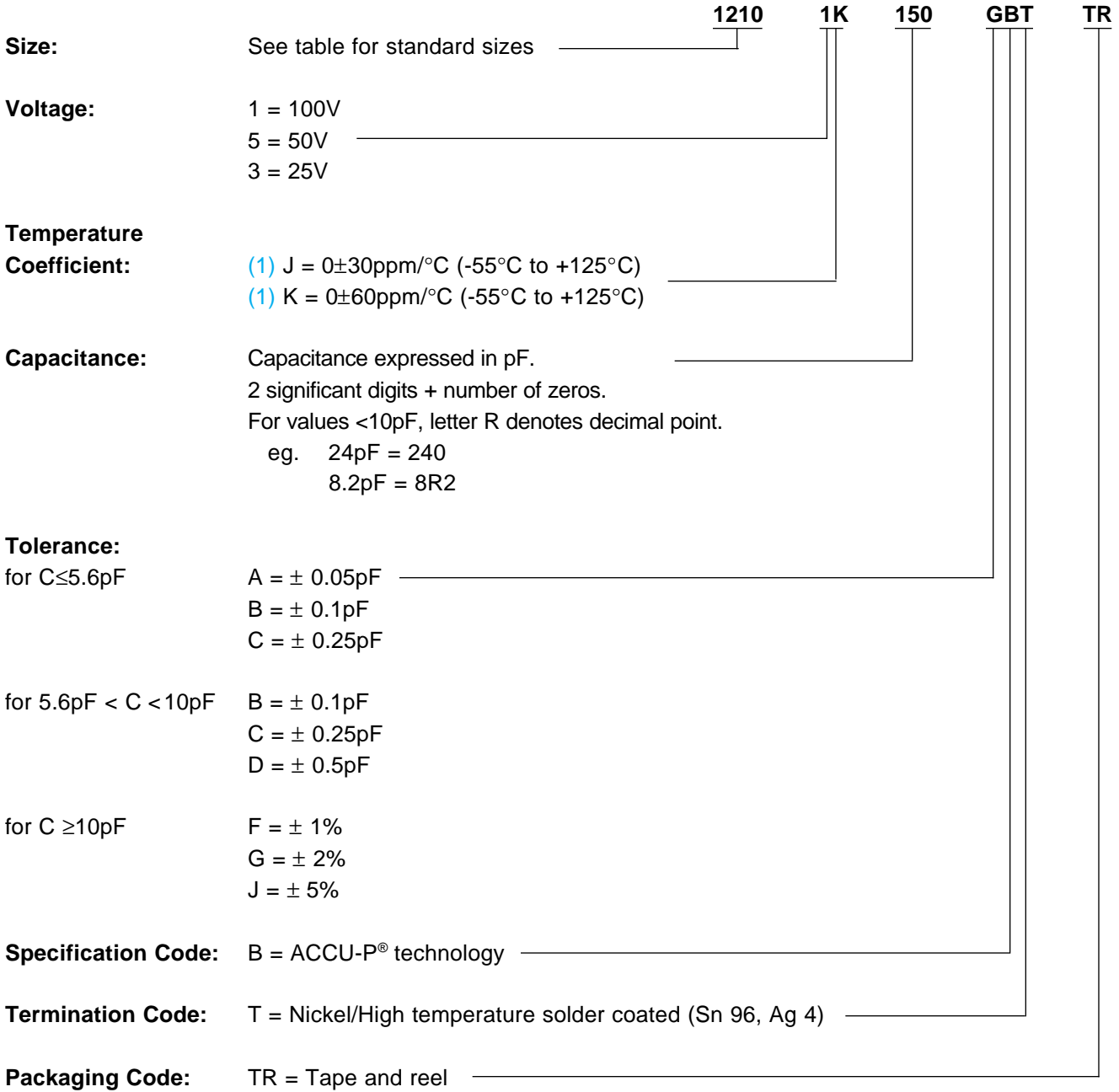
## **APPLICATIONS:**

CELLULAR COMMUNICATIONS  
CT2/PCN (CORDLESS TELEPHONE/PERSONAL COMM. NETWORKS)  
SATELLITE TV  
CABLE TV  
GPS (GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEMS)  
VEHICLE LOCATION SYSTEMS  
VEHICLE ALARM SYSTEMS  
PAGING  
MILITARY COMMUNICATIONS  
RADAR SYSTEMS  
VIDEO SWITCHING  
TEST AND MEASUREMENTS  
FILTERS  
VCO'S  
MATCHING NETWORKS  
RF AMPLIFIERS

## **APPROVALS:**

ISO 9001

**PART NUMBER CODES**



(1) TC's shown are per EIA/IEC Specifications.

**TEMP. COEFFICIENT CODE “J”**

**0±30ppm/°C (-55°C to +125°C)<sup>(2)</sup>**

Size	-		-		■		
Size Code	0603		0805		1210		
Voltage	50	25	100	50	25	100	50
Cap in pF <sup>(1)</sup>	Cap code						
0.1 — 0R1							
0.2 — 0R2							
0.3 — 0R3							
0.4 — 0R4							
0.5 — 0R5							
0.6 — 0R6							
0.7 — 0R7							
0.8 — 0R8							
0.9 — 0R9							
1.0 — 1R0							
1.2 — 1R2							
1.5 — 1R5							
1.8 — 1R8							
2.2 — 2R2							
2.7 — 2R7							
3.3 — 3R3							
3.9 — 3R9							
4.7 — 4R7							
5.6 — 5R6							
6.8 — 6R8							
7.5 — 7R5							
8.2 — 8R2							
10 — 100							
12 — 120							
15 — 150							
18 — 180							
22 — 220							
24 — 240							
27 — 270							
33 — 330							

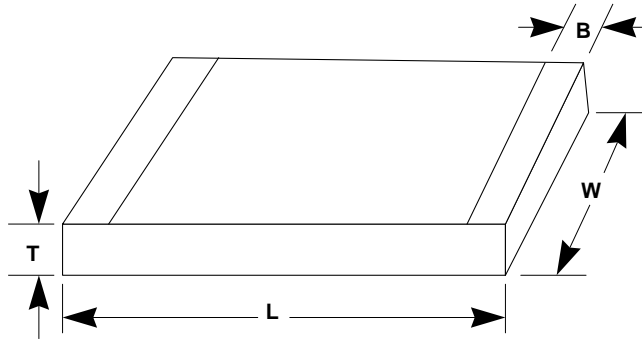
- (1) For capacitance values higher than listed in table, please consult factory.
- (2) TC shown is per EIA/IEC specifications.

**TEMP. COEFFICIENT CODE “K”**

**0±60ppm/°C (-55°C to +125°C)<sup>(2)</sup>**

Size	■		■		
Size Code	0805			1210	
Voltage	100	50	25	100	50 <sup>(3)</sup>
Cap in pF <sup>(1)</sup>	Cap code				
0.1 — 0R1					
0.2 — 0R2					
0.3 — 0R3					
0.4 — 0R4					
0.5 — 0R5					
0.6 — 0R6					
0.7 — 0R7					
0.8 — 0R8					
0.9 — 0R9					
1.0 — 1R0					
1.2 — 1R2					
1.5 — 1R5					
1.8 — 1R8					
2.2 — 2R2					
2.7 — 2R7					
3.3 — 3R3					
3.9 — 3R9					
4.7 — 4R7					
5.6 — 5R6					
6.8 — 6R8					
7.5 — 7R5					
8.2 — 8R2					
10 — 100					
12 — 120					
15 — 150					
18 — 180					
22 — 220					
24 — 240					
27 — 270					
33 — 330					
39 — 390					
47 — 470					
56 — 560					
68 — 680					
82 — 820					
100 — 101					

- (1) For capacitance values higher than listed in table, please consult factory.
- (2) TC shown is per EIA/IEC specifications.
- (3) For 50 volt range please consult factory.



Standard sizes - mm (inches)

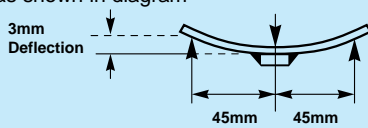
	<b>0603</b>	<b>0805</b>	<b>1210</b>
<b>L</b>	1.60±0.1 (0.063±0.004)	2.01±0.1 (0.079±0.004)	3.02±0.1 (0.119±0.004)
<b>W</b>	0.81±0.1 (0.032±0.004)	1.27±0.1 (0.050±0.004)	2.5±0.1 (0.100±0.004)
<b>T</b>	0.63±0.1 (0.025±0.004)	0.93±0.2 (0.036±0.008)	0.93±0.2 (0.036±0.008)
<b>B</b>	0.35±0.15 (0.014±0.006)	0.30±0.1 (0.012±0.004)	0.43±0.1 (0.017±0.004)

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Temperature Coefficient (1)	0 ± 30ppm/°C dielectric code "J" 0 ± 60ppm/°C dielectric code "K"
Capacitance Measurement	1 MHz, 1 Vrms
Insulation Resistance (IR)	≥10 <sup>11</sup> ohms
Proof Voltage	2.5% U <sub>R</sub> for 5 secs.
Aging Characteristic	Zero
Dielectric Absorption	0.01%

(1) TC's shown are per EIA/IEC

**MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TEST	CONDITIONS	REQUIREMENT
<b>Solderability</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 208A	Components completely immersed in a solder bath at 235°C for 2 secs.	Terminations to be well tinned, minimum 95% coverage
<b>Leach Resistance</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 210A	Components completely immersed in a solder bath at 260±5°C for 60 secs.	Dissolution of termination faces ≤15% of area Dissolution of termination edges ≤25% of length
<b>Adhesion</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 211A	A force of 5N applied for 10 secs.	No visible damage
<b>Termination Bond Strength</b> IEC-680-2-21 Amend. 2	Tested as shown in diagram 	No visible damage Δ C/C ≤ 2% for C≥5pF Δ C ≤ 0.25pF for C<5pF
<b>Robustness of Termination</b> IEC-680-2-21 Amend. 2	A force of 5N applied for 10 secs	No visible damage
<b>High Frequency Vibration</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 204D	55Hz to 2000Hz, 20G	No visible damage
<b>Storage</b>	12 months minimum with components stored in "as received" packaging	Good solderability

**ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS**

TEST	CONDITIONS	REQUIREMENT
<b>Life</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 108A	125°C, 2U <sub>R</sub> , 1000 hours	No visible damage Δ C/C ≤ 2% for C≥5pF Δ C ≤ 0.25pF for C<5pF
<b>Accelerated Damp Heat Steady State</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 103B	85°C, 85% RH, U <sub>R</sub> , 1000 hours	No visible damage Δ C/C ≤ 2% for C≥5pF Δ C ≤ 0.25pF for C<5pF
<b>Thermal Shock</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 107E	-55°C to +125°C, 15 cycles	No visible damage Δ C/C ≤ 2% for C≥5pF Δ C ≤ 0.25pF for C<5pF
<b>Resistance to Solder Heat</b> MIL-STD-202F Method 210A	260°C ± 5°C for 10 secs	C remains within initial limits

---

ACCU-P® is based on well established thin-film technology and materials.

● **Inline Process Control:** This program forms an integral part of the production cycle and acts as a feedback system to regulate and control production processes. The test procedures, which are integrated into the production process, were developed after long research work and are based on the highly developed semiconductor industry test procedures and equipment. These measures help AVX to produce a consistent and high yield line of products.

● **Final Quality Inspection:** Finished parts are tested for standard electrical parameters and visual/mechanical characteristics. Each production lot is 100% evaluated for: capacitance and proof voltage at  $2.5 U_R$ . In addition, production is periodically evaluated for:

- Average capacitance with histogram printout for capacitance distribution.
- IR and Breakdown Voltage distribution.
- Temperature Coefficient.
- Solderability testing.
- Dimensional, mechanical and temperature stability.

● **Quality Assurance:** The reliability of these thin film chip capacitors has been studied intensively for several years. Various measures have been taken to obtain the high reliability required today by the industry. Quality assurance policy is based on well established international industry standards. The reliability of the capacitors is determined by accelerated testing under the following conditions:

Endurance Test	125°C, $2U_R$ , 1000 hours
Accelerated Damp	85°C, 85% RH, $U_R$ , 1000 hours.
Heat Steady State Testing	

**RF POWER APPLICATIONS**

In RF power applications, capacitor losses generate heat. Two factors of particular importance to designers are:

- Minimizing the generation of heat.
- Dissipating heat as efficiently as possible.

**CAPACITOR HEATING**

- ★ The major source of heat generation in a capacitor in RF power applications is a function of RF current (I) and ESR, from the relationship:

$$\text{Power dissipation} = I_{\text{RMS}}^2 \times \text{ESR}$$

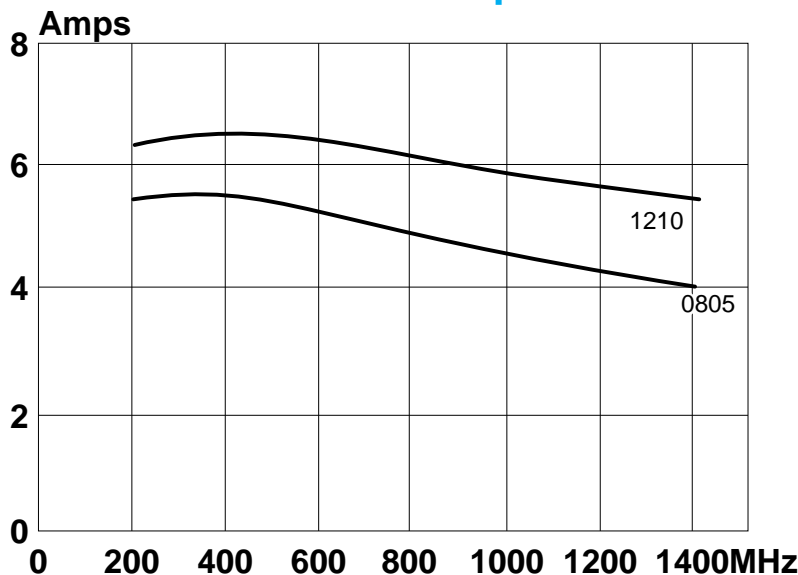
- ★ **ACCU-P®** capacitors are specially designed to minimize ESR and therefore RF heating. Values of ESR for **ACCU-P®** capacitors are significantly less than those of ceramic MLC components currently available.

**HEAT DISSIPATION**

- ★ Heat is dissipated from a capacitor through a variety of paths, but the key factor in the removal of heat is the thermal conductivity of the capacitor material.
- ★ The higher the thermal conductivity of the capacitor, the more rapidly heat will be dissipated.
- ★ The table below illustrates the importance of thermal conductivity to the performance of **ACCU-P®** in power applications.

Product	Material	Thermal Conductivity W/mK
ACCU-P® Microwave MLC	Alumina Magnesium Titanate	18.9 6.0

**Power Handling  
ACCU-P® 10 pF**



Data used in calculating the graph:

Thermal impedance of capacitors:

0805 6.5°C/W

1210 5°C/W

Thermal impedance measured using RF generator, amplifier and strip-line transformer.

ESR of capacitors measured on Boonton 34A

## THERMAL IMPEDANCE

Thermal impedance of **ACCU-P**<sup>®</sup> chips is shown below compared with the thermal impedance of Microwave MLC's. The thermal impedance expresses the temperature difference in °C between chip center and termination caused by a power dissipation of 1 watt in the chip. It is expressed in °C/W.

Capacitor Type	Chip Size	Thermal Impedance °C/W
<b>ACCU-P</b> <sup>®</sup>	0805	6.5
	1210	5
<b>Microwave MLC</b>	0505	12
	1210	7.5

## ADVANTAGES OF ACCU-P<sup>®</sup> IN RF POWER CIRCUITS

The optimized design of **ACCU-P**<sup>®</sup> offers the designer of RF power circuits the following advantages:

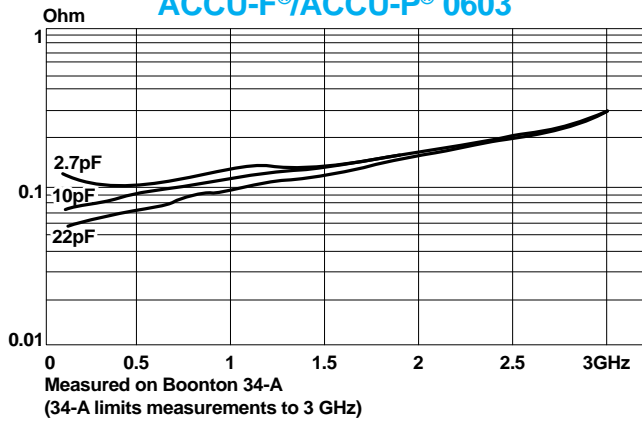
- ★ Reduced power losses due to the inherently low ESR of **ACCU-P**<sup>®</sup>.
- ★ Increased power dissipation due to the high thermal conductivity of **ACCU-P**<sup>®</sup>.

## PRACTICAL APPLICATION IN RF POWER CIRCUITS

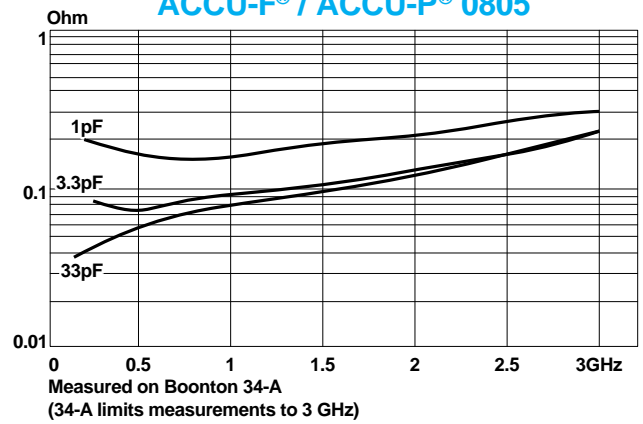
- ★ There is a wide variety of different experimental methods for measuring the power handling performance of a capacitor in RF power circuits. Each method has its own problems and few of them exactly reproduce the conditions present in “real” circuit applications.
- ★ Similarly, there is a very wide range of different circuit applications, all with their unique characteristics and operating conditions which cannot possibly be covered by such “theoretical” testing.

★ **THE ONLY TRUE TEST OF A CAPACITOR IN ANY PARTICULAR APPLICATION IS ITS PERFORMANCE UNDER OPERATING CONDITIONS IN THE ACTUAL CIRCUIT.**

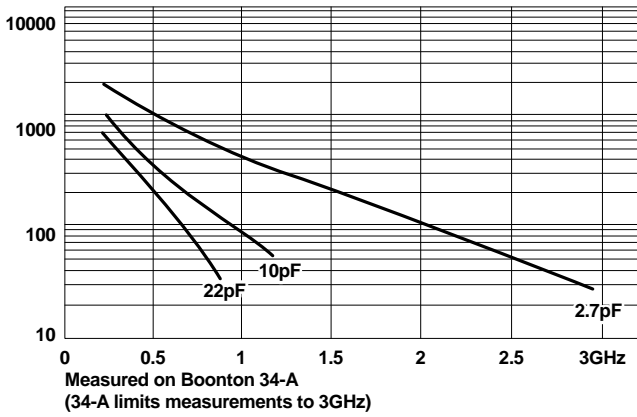
**ESR**  
**ACCU-F®/ACCU-P® 0603**



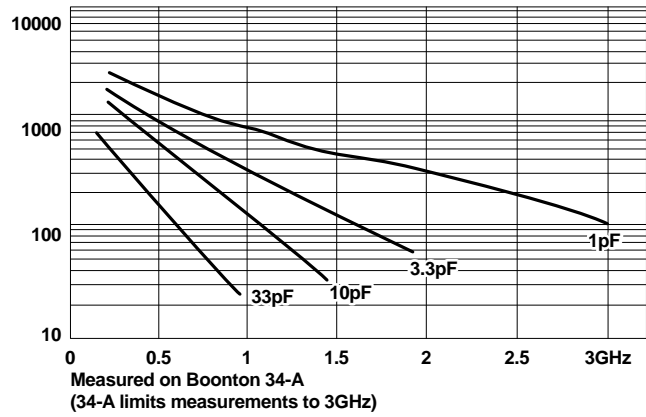
**ESR**  
**ACCU-F® / ACCU-P® 0805**



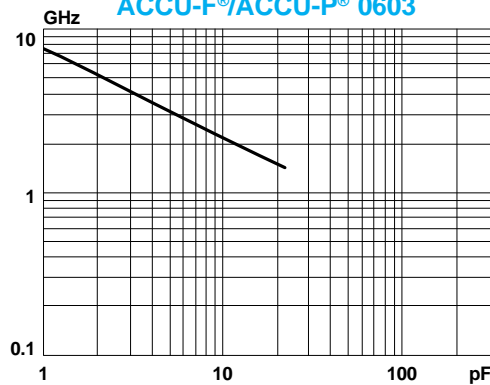
**Q**  
**ACCU-F®/ACCU-P® 0603**



**Q**  
**ACCU-F® / ACCU-P® 0805**



**Self Resonant Frequency**  
**ACCU-F®/ACCU-P® 0603**

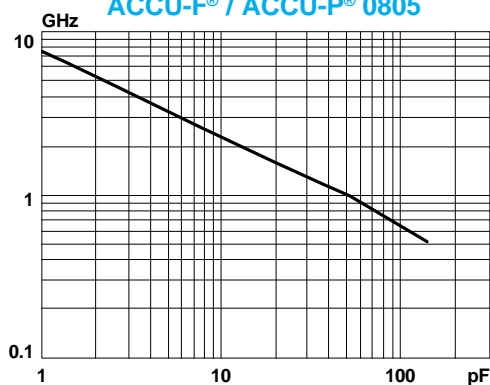


L (self inductance) ~ 0.78 nH

NOTE  
L and SRF are obtained from the measured increase in effective capacitance as the frequency is increased

Measured on the Boonton 34-A

**Self Resonant Frequency**  
**ACCU-F® / ACCU-P® 0805**

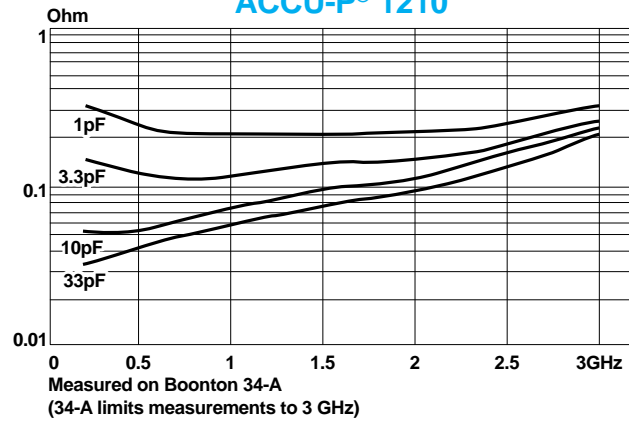


L (self inductance) ~ 0.82 nH

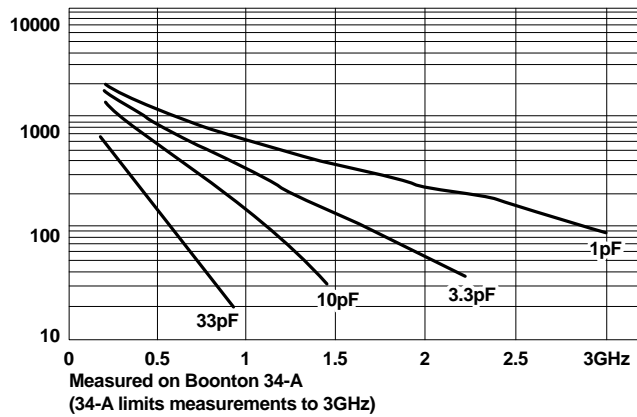
NOTE  
L and SRF are obtained from the measured increase in effective capacitance as the frequency is increased

Measured on the Boonton 34-A

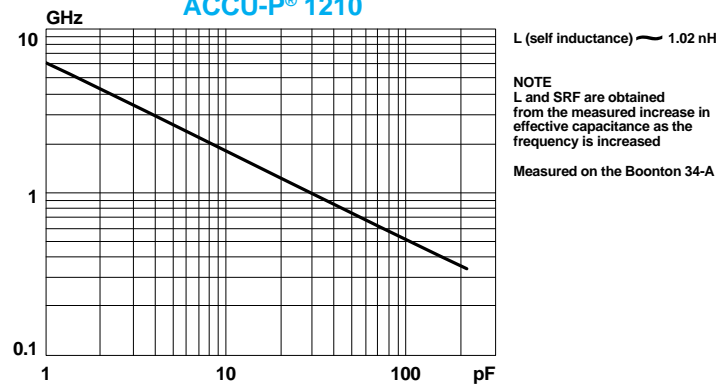
ESR  
ACCU-P® 1210

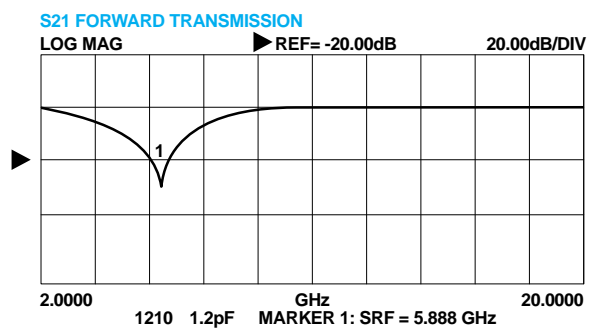
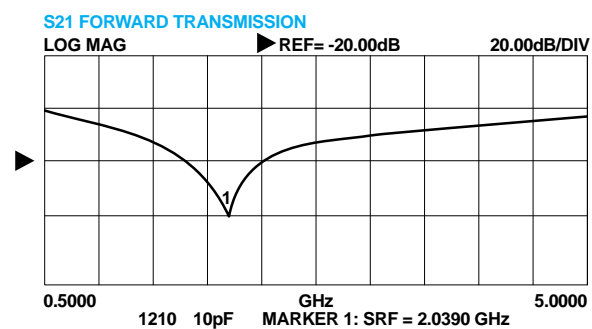
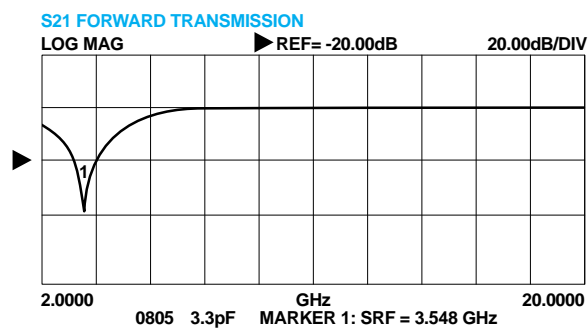
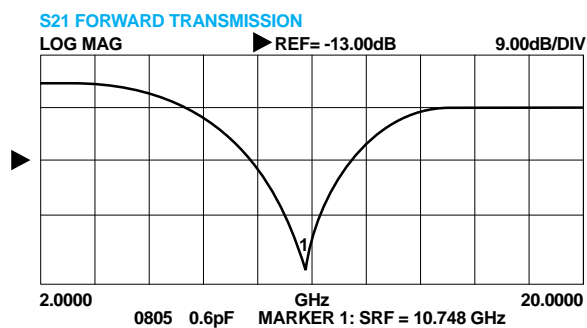
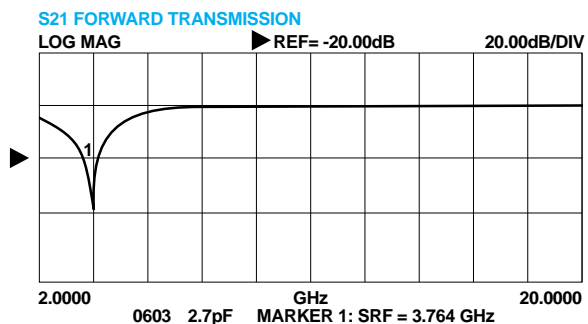
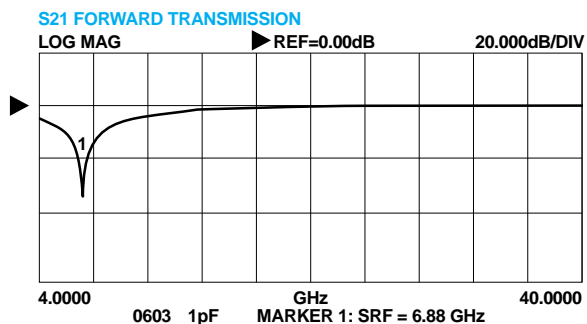


Q  
ACCU-P® 1210



Self Resonant Frequency  
ACCU-P® 1210





Measured using WILTRON 360 VECTOR ANALYZER with WILTRON 3680K UNIVERSAL TEST FIXTURE

## ACCU-F® AND ACCU-P® APPLICATION NOTES

### General

ACCU-F® and ACCU-P® SMD capacitors are designed for soldering to printed circuit boards or other substrates. The construction of the components is such that they will withstand the time/temperature profiles used in both wave and reflow soldering methods.

### Handling

SMD capacitors should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration and skin oils. The use of plastic tipped tweezers or vacuum pick-ups is strongly recommended for individual components. Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized. For automatic equipment, taped and reeled product gives the ideal medium for direct presentation to the placement machine.

### Circuit Board Type

The circuit board types which may be used with ACCU-F® and ACCU-P® are as follows:

ACCU-F®: All flexible types of circuit boards (eg. FR-4, G-10).

ACCU-P®: All flexible types of circuit boards (eg. FR-4, G-10) and also alumina.

For other circuit board materials, please consult factory.

### Component Pad Design

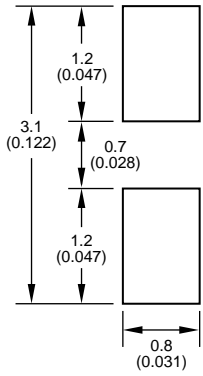
Component pads must be designed to achieve good joints and minimize component movement during reflow soldering. Pad designs are given below for both wave and reflow soldering.

The basis of these designs is:

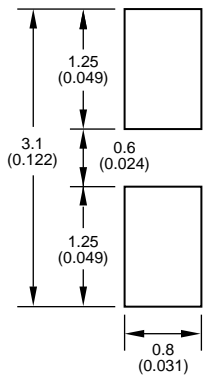
- a. Pad width equal to component width. It is permissible to decrease this to as low as 85% of component width but it is not advisable to go below this.
- b. Pad overlap 0.5mm beneath large components. Pad overlap about 0.3mm beneath small components.
- c. Pad extension of 0.5mm for reflow of large components and pad extension about 0.3mm for reflow of small components. Pad extension about 1.0mm for wave soldering.

**Wave Soldering**

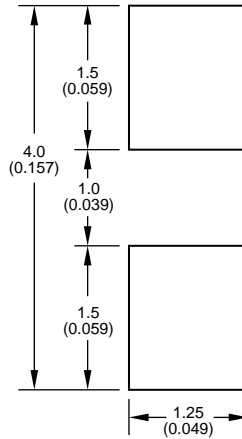
Dimensions in mm(inches).



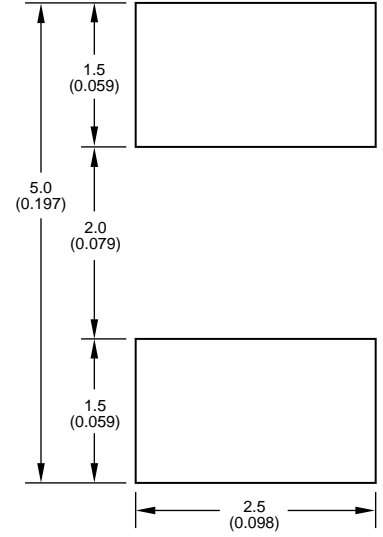
0603  
ACCU-F®



0603  
ACCU-P®



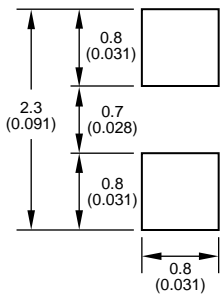
0805  
ACCU-F®  
ACCU-P®



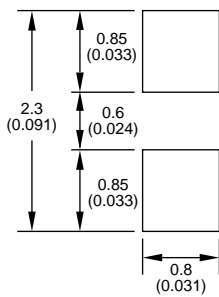
1210  
ACCU-P®

**Reflow Soldering**

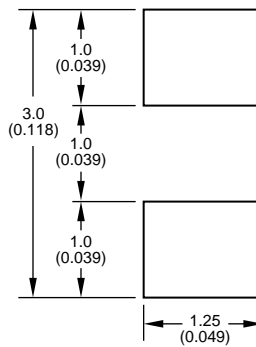
Dimensions in mm(inches).



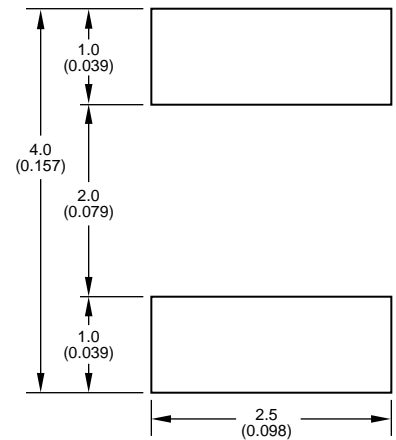
0603  
ACCU-F®



0603  
ACCU-P®



0805  
ACCU-F®  
ACCU-P®

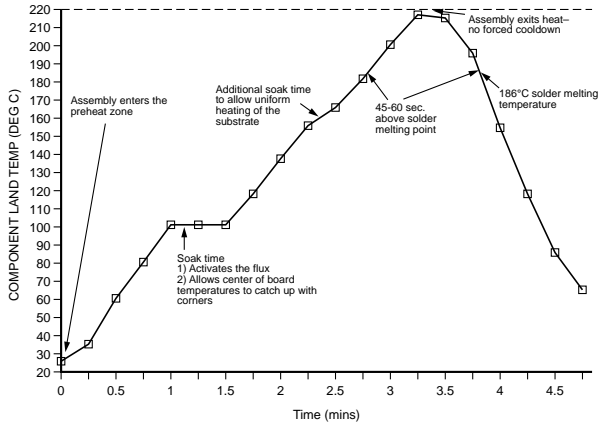


1210  
ACCU-P®

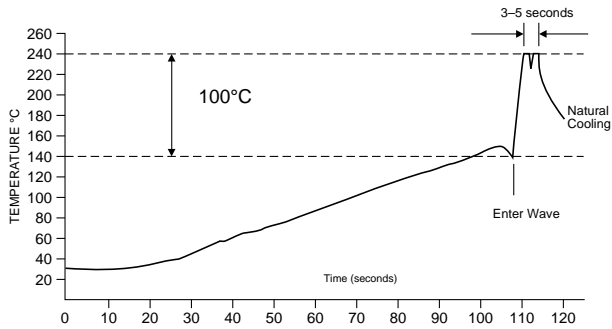


## Recommended Soldering Profiles

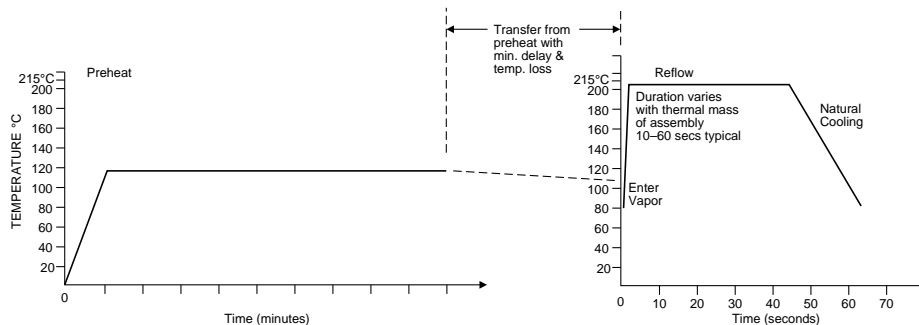
### IR Reflow



### Wave Soldering



### Vapor Phase



**Design Kit Type 100**

Order Number: ACCU-F®0805KIT01

Volts	Capacitors Value pF	Tolerance
100	0.5	B
	0.6	B
	0.7	B
	0.8	B
	0.9	B
	1.0	B
	1.2	B
	1.5	B
	1.8	B
	2.0	B
	2.2	B
	2.4	B
	2.7	B
	3.0	B
	3.3	B
3.9	B	
4.7	B	
5.6	B	
6.8	B	
8.2	B	
10	G	
12	G	
15	G	
50	18	G
	22	G
	27	G
25	33	G
	39	G
	47	G
	56	G

300 CAPACITORS, 10 EACH OF 30 VALUES

TOLERANCE B = ± 0.1pF  
G = ± 2%

**Design Kit Type 400**

Order Number: ACCU-F®0603KIT01

Volts	Capacitors Value pF	Tolerance
100	0.1	B
	0.2	B
	0.3	B
	0.4	B
	0.5	B
	0.6	B
	0.7	B
	0.8	B
	0.9	B
	1.0	B
	1.1	B
	1.2	B
	1.5	B
	1.8	B
	2.0	B
	2.2	B
	2.4	B
	2.7	B
	3.0	B
	3.3	B
3.9	B	
4.7	B	
50	5.6	C
	6.8	C
	8.2	C
	10	G
	12	G
25	15	G
	18	G
	22	G

300 CAPACITORS, 10 EACH OF 30 VALUES

TOLERANCE B = ± 0.1pF  
C = ± 0.25pF  
G = ± 2%



**Tuning Kit Type 700**

Order Number: ACCU-P®1210KIT02

Volts	Capacitors Value pF	Tolerance
100	1.0	B
	1.5	B
	1.8	B
	2.2	B
	2.7	B
	3.3	B
	4.7	B
	5.6	B
	6.8	B
	10.0	G
	12	G
	18	G
	22	G
	27	G
	33	G

150 CAPACITORS, 10 EACH OF 15 VALUES

TOLERANCE B = ± 0.1pF  
G = ± 2%

**Designer Kit Type 800**

Order Number: ACCU-P®0805KIT02

Volts	Capacitors Value pF	Tolerance
100	0.1	A
	0.2	A
	0.3	A
	0.4	A
	0.5	B
	0.7	B
	0.8	B
	0.9	B
	1.0	B
	1.2	B
	1.5	B
	1.8	B
	2.0	B
	2.2	B
	2.7	B
	3.3	B
	3.9	B
	4.7	B
	5.6	B
	6.8	B
50	8.2	B
	10.0	G
	12.0	G
	15.0	G
	18.0	G
	22.0	G
	27.0	J
	33.0	J
25	39.0	J
	47.0	J

300 CAPACITORS, 10 EACH OF 30 VALUES

TOLERANCE A = ± 0.05pF  
B = ± 0.1pF  
G = ± 2%  
J = ±5%

**Designer Kit Type 900**

Order Number: ACCU-P®0603KIT01

Volts	Capacitors Value pF	Tolerance
50	0.1	A
	0.2	A
	0.3	A
	0.4	B
	0.5	B
	0.6	B
	0.7	B
	0.8	B
	0.9	B
	1.0	B
	1.1	B
	1.2	B
	1.5	B
	1.8	B
	2.0	B
	2.2	B
	2.4	B
	2.7	B
	3.0	B
	3.3	B
25	3.9	B
	4.7	B
	5.6	B
	6.8	B
	8.2	G
	10.0	G
	12.0	G
	15.0	G
	18.0	G
	22.0	G

600 CAPACITORS, 20 EACH OF 30 VALUES

TOLERANCE A = ± 0.05pF  
B = ± 0.1pF  
G = ± 2%

## Automatic Insertion Packaging

**Tape & Reel** All tape and reel specifications are in compliance with EIA RS481 (equivalent to IEC 286 part 3).  
 —8mm carrier  
 —Reeled quantities: Reels of 3,000 or 10,000 pieces

### Reel Dimensions mm (inches)

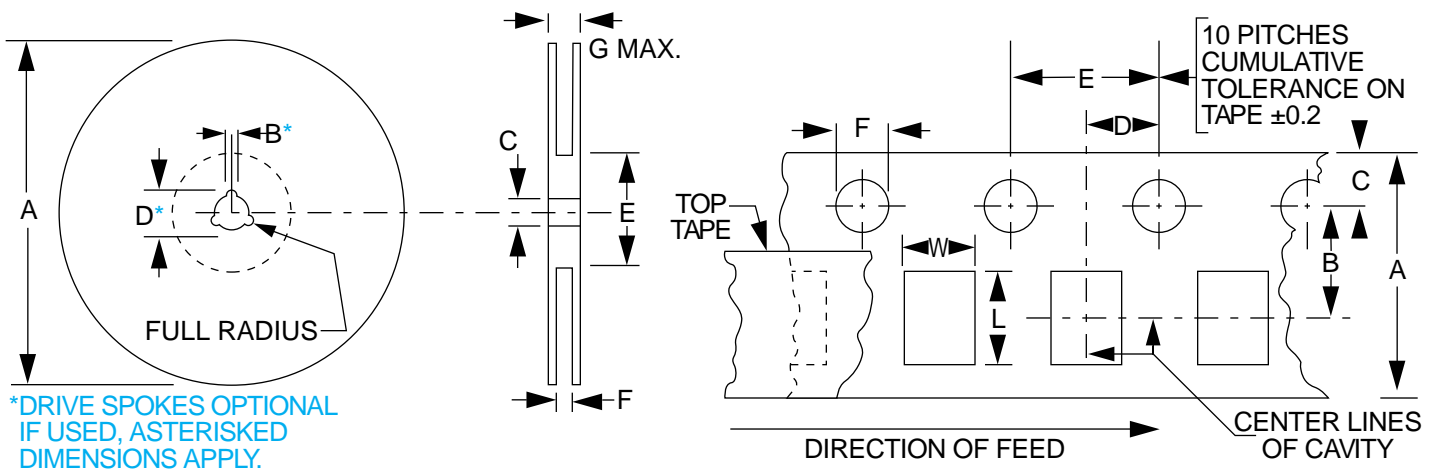
(1) A	B	C	D	E	F	G
180±1.0 (7.087±0.039)	1.5 min. (0.059 min.)	13±0.2 (0.512 ± 0.008)	20.2min. (0.795 min.)	50min. (1.969 min.)	9.6±1.5 (0.370 ± 0.050)	14.4 max. (0.567 max.)
Metric dimensions will govern. Inch measurements rounded and for reference only.						

(1) 330mm (13 inch) reels are available.

### Carrier Dimensions mm (inches)

A	B	C	D	E	F
8.0 ± 0.3 (0.315 ± 0.012)	3.5 ± 0.05 (0.138 ± 0.002)	1.75±0.1 (0.069 ± 0.004)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.5 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>-0.0</sub> (0.059 <sup>+0.004</sup> <sub>-0.000</sub> )

**NOTE:** The nominal dimensions of the component compartment are derived from the component size.



**NOTE:** AVX reserves the right to change the information published herein without notice.

For more information regarding AVX's Accu Series of SMD Thin Film Products:

**Accu-Guard®**

**Accu-F®/Accu-P®**

**Accu-L®**

Contact your local sales office.



**SALES OFFICES**

**United States**

AVX Corporation  
P.O. Box 867  
801 17th Ave. South  
Myrtle Beach, SC 29577  
Tel: 803-448-9411  
FAX: 803-626-2442

**England**

AVX Limited  
Admiral House  
Harlington Way  
Fleet GU13 8BB  
Hampshire, England  
Tel: 1252-770000  
FAX: 1252-770001

**France**

AVX S.A.  
Zone d'Activites de Courtaboeuf  
BP 213  
91941 Les Ulis Cedex, France  
Tel: 1-6928-6566  
Fax: 1-6928-7387  
Telex: 600784

**Germany**

AVX GmbH / Postfach 1110  
Liebigstra 1A  
8047 Karlsfeld, Germany  
Tel: 8131-90040  
Fax: 8131-900444  
Telex: 527577

**Italy**

AVX s.r.l.  
Via Marconi 28  
20091 Bresso  
Milan, Italy  
Tel: 2-665-00116  
Fax: 2-614-2576

**Israel**

AVX Israel Ltd. (Sales)  
P.O. Box 12319  
Corex Building, Maskit St.  
Herzlia Pituah 46733  
Israel  
Tel: 9-573-873  
Fax: 9-573-853

**Hong Kong**

AVX Asia Ltd.  
3rd Floor, Hilder Center  
2 Sung Ping St.  
Hungghom, Kowloon  
Hong Kong  
Tel: 852-363-3303  
FAX: 852-765-8185  
Telex: 49576

**Singapore**

AVX/Kyocera HK Ltd.  
(Singapore Branch)  
39A Jalan Pemimpin  
#03-00 Union Centre  
Singapore 2057  
Tel: 65-258-2833  
Fax: 65-258-8221

**Korea**

AVX/Kyocera Ltd.  
(Korea Branch)  
Suite 827  
Korean Federation of  
Small Businesses  
16-2, Yoido-dong  
Youngdeungpo-ku  
Seoul, Korea  
Tel: 82-2-785-6504  
Fax: 82-2-784-5411